Fernando Pedraza 01.04.22 fernando.pedraza@ieu.uzh.ch



In the light of evolution



"Seen in the light of evolution, biology is, perhaps, intellectually the most satisfying and inspiring science. Without that light it becomes a pile of sundry facts -- some of them interesting or curious but making no meaningful picture as a whole."

Theodosius Dobzhansky





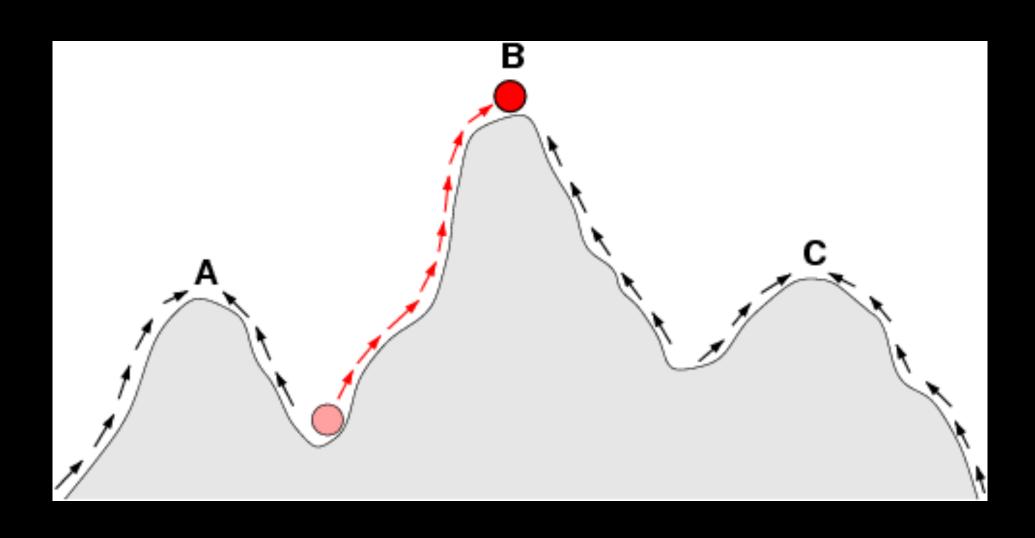
"... whilst this planet has gone cycling on according to the fixed law of gravity, from so simple a beginning endless forms most beautiful and most wonderful have been, and are being, evolved."



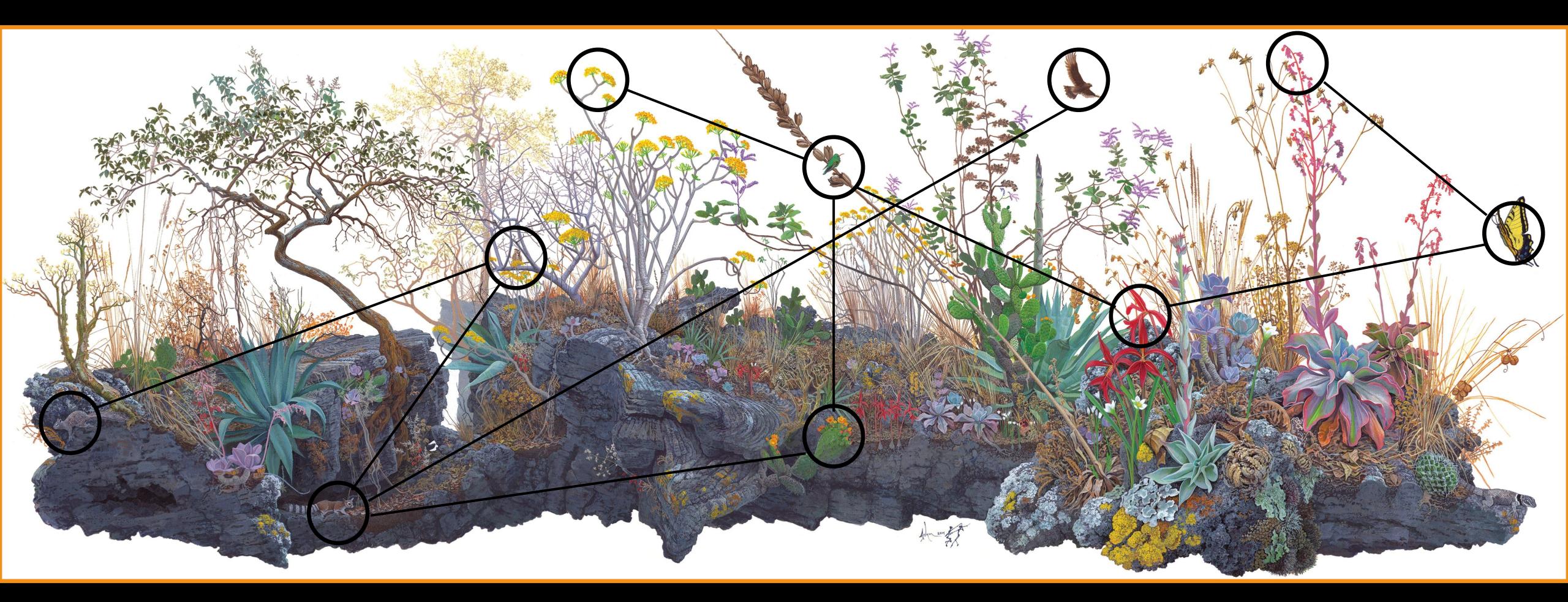
Charles Darwin, The Origin of Species

Evolution: a simple defintion

Process that results in **changes** in the genetic material of a population over **time**. Evolution reflects the **adaptations** of organisms to their changing environments and can result in altered genes, novel traits, and new species.

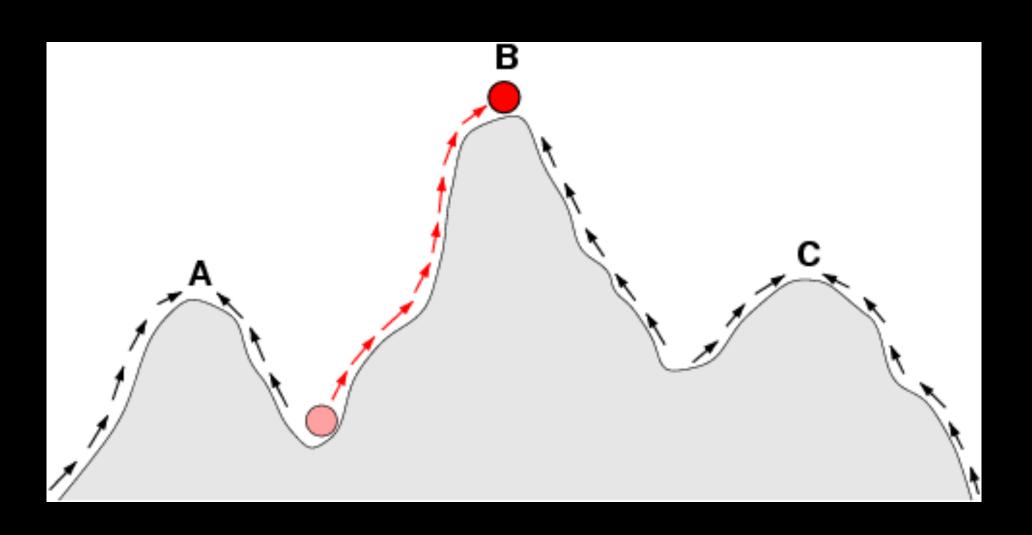






Coevolution: a simple defintion

Process by which two or more species evolve in tandem by exerting selection pressures on each other.





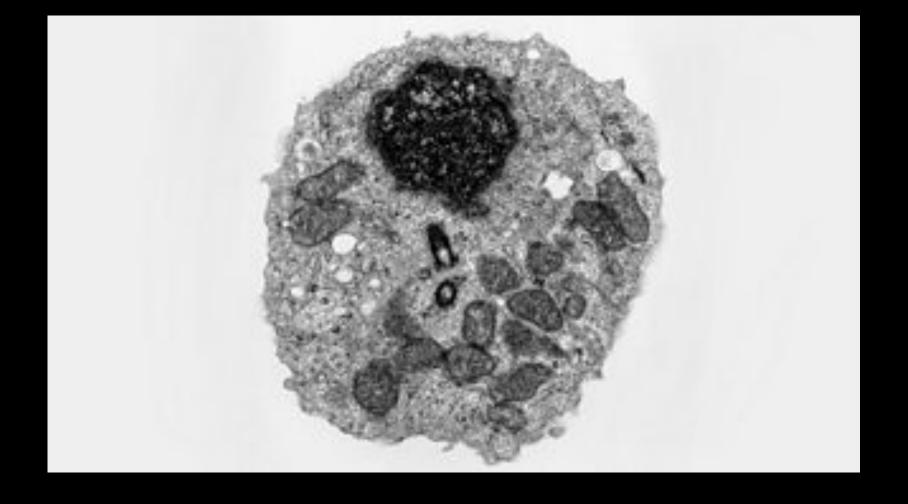
Butterflies and plants: a study in coevolution

"It is apparent that reciprocal selective responses have been greatly underrated as a factor in the origination of organic diversity."

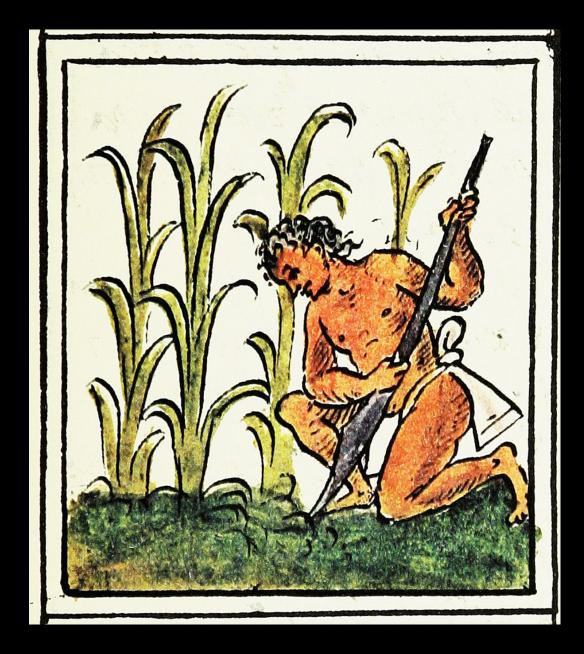
Ehrlich and Raven (1964) Evolution, 18: 586-608



Much of evolution is coevolution

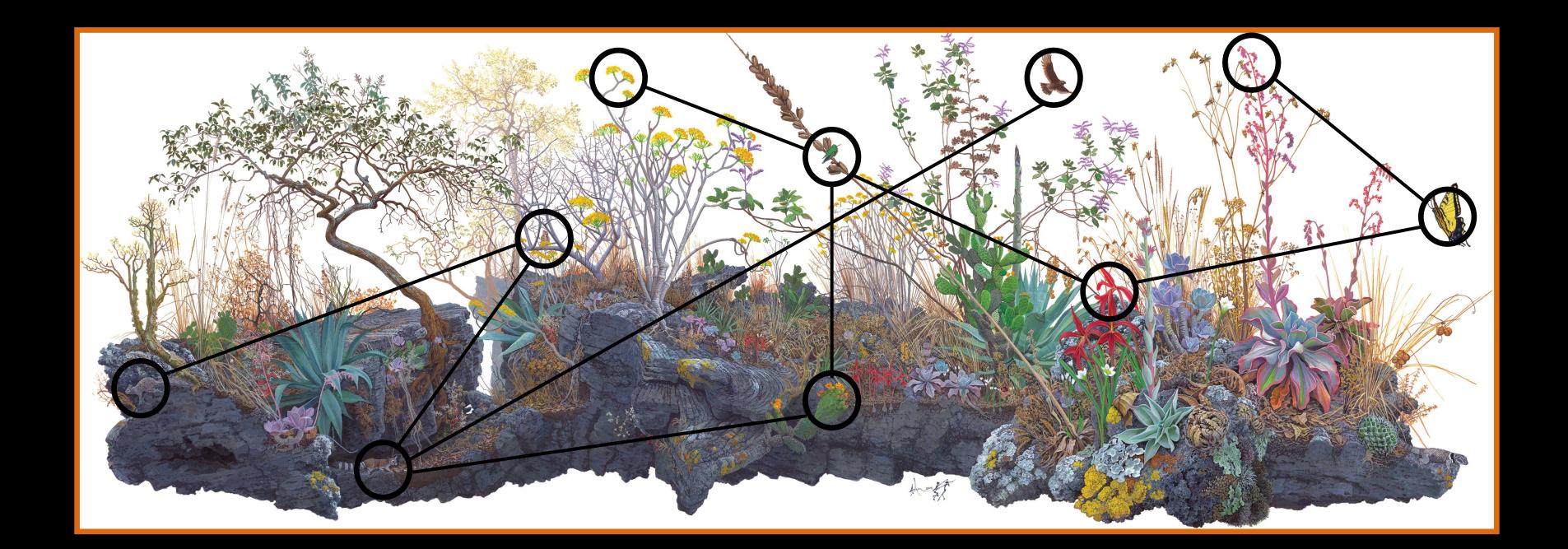


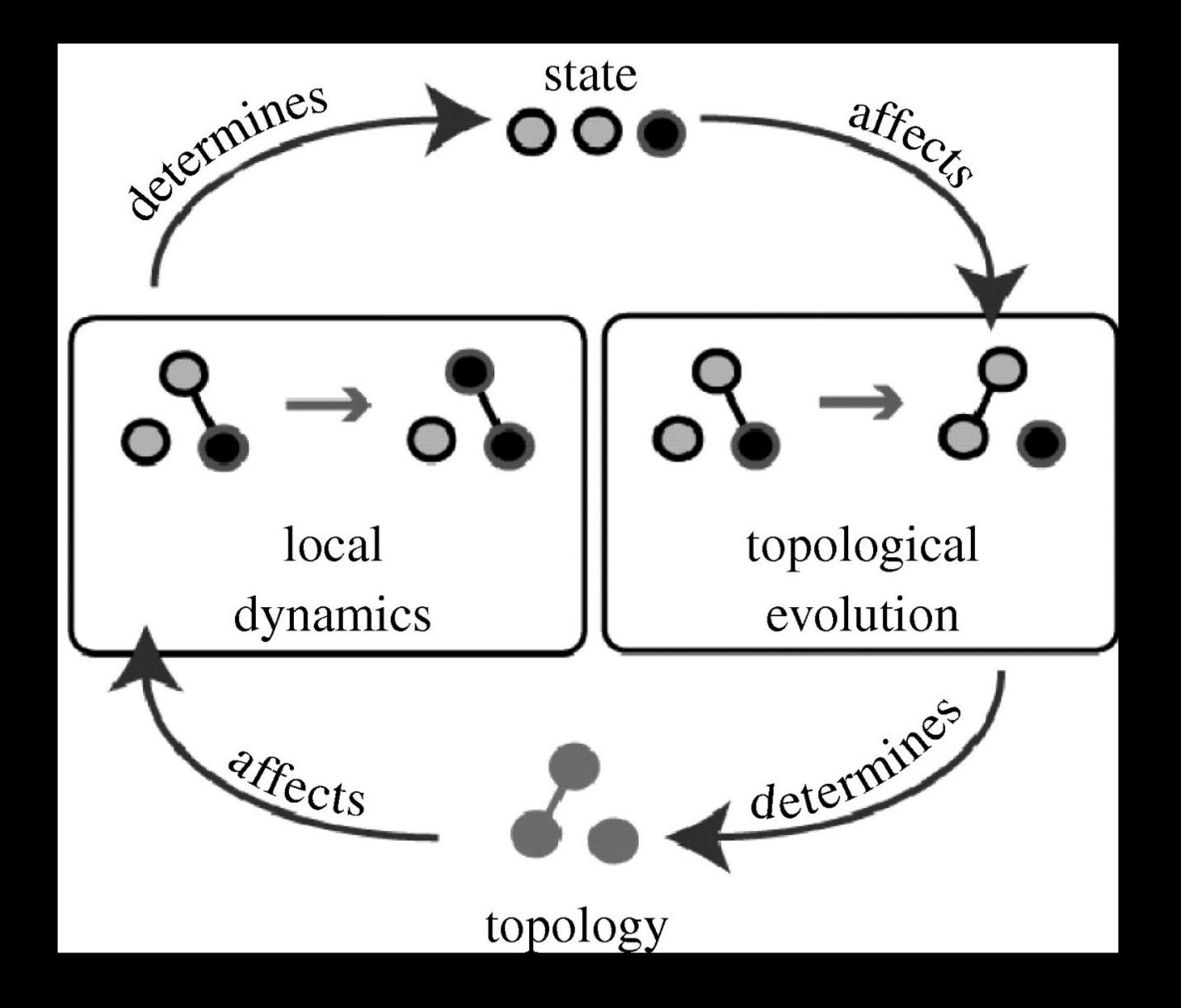
Thompson (2005) The University of Chicago Press



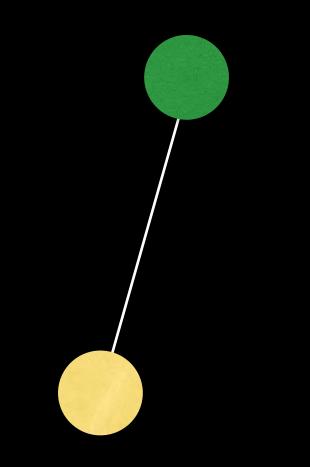
"There is now little question that coevolution has shaped many of the major events in the history of life."

How do we frame ecological networks in the light of (co)evolution?

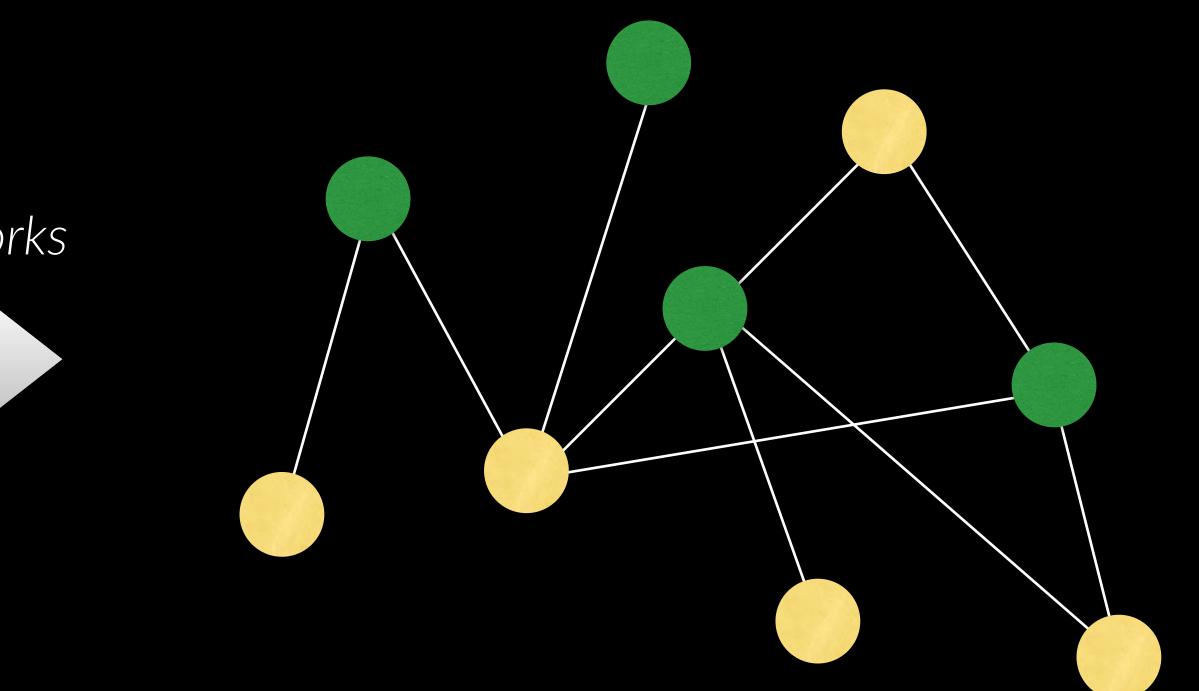




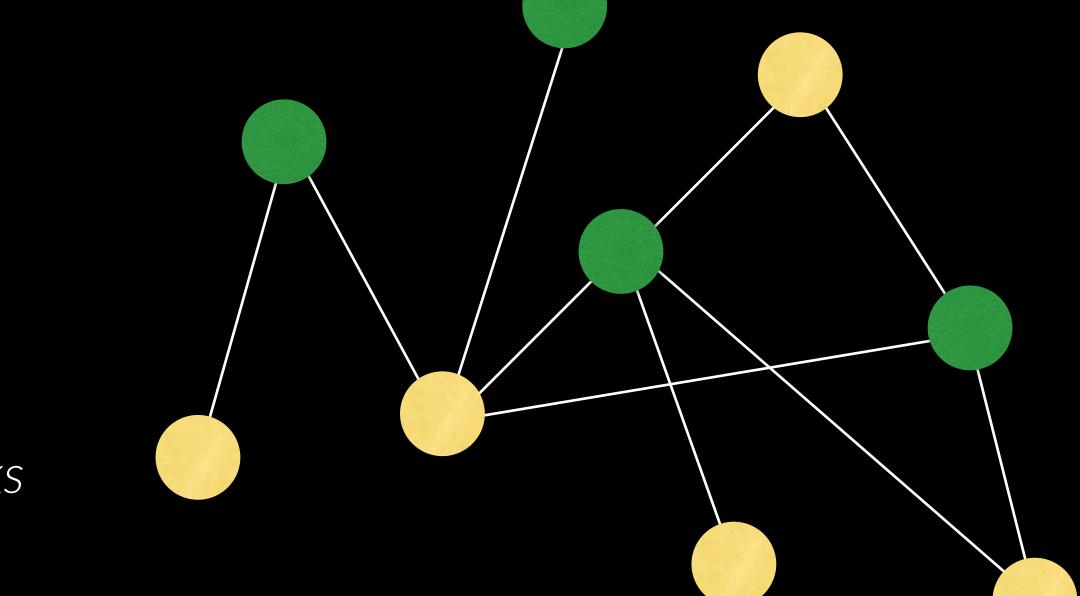
Gross and Blasius (2007). Journal of the Royal Society Interface, 5: 259-271

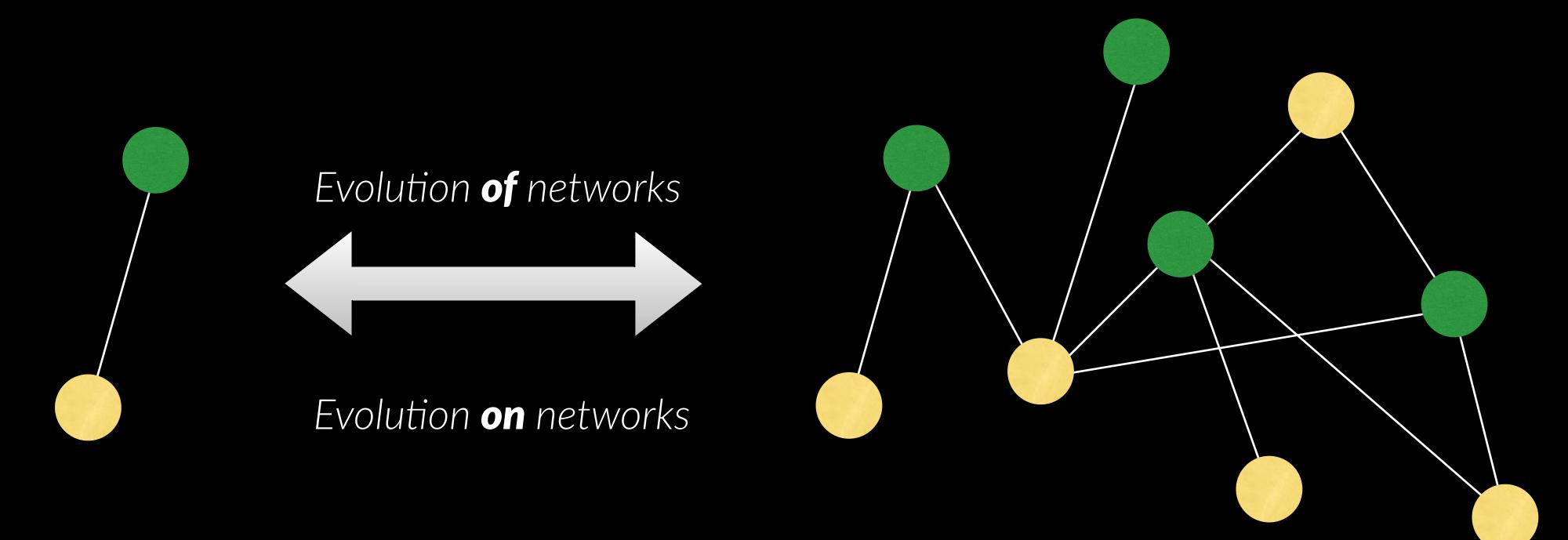


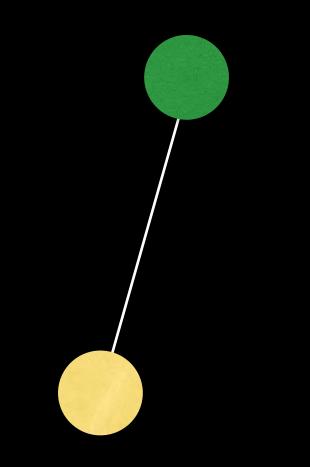
Evolution of networks



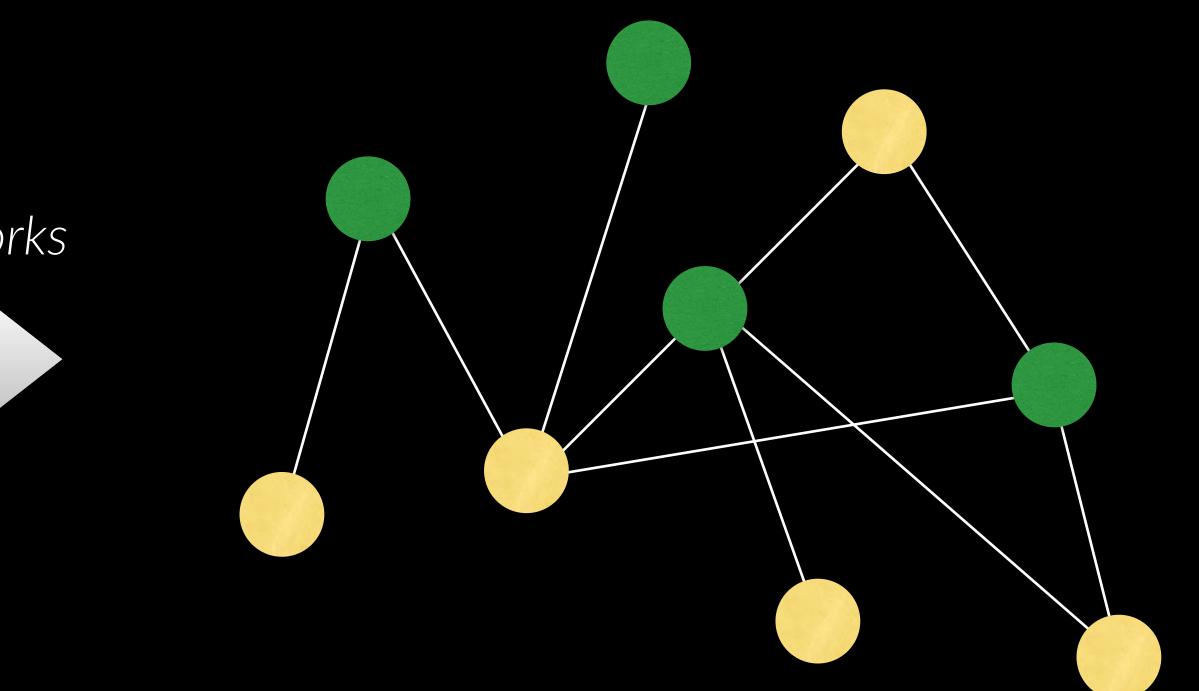








Evolution of networks



relationship?

What is the role of coevolution in driving changes in the structure of species interaction networks?

Evolution of networks

To what extent is network architecture associated with species phylogeneti

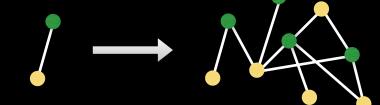


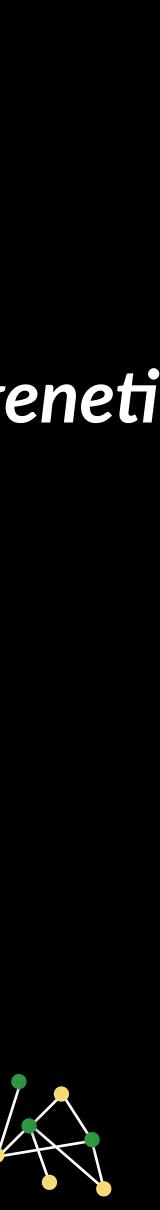
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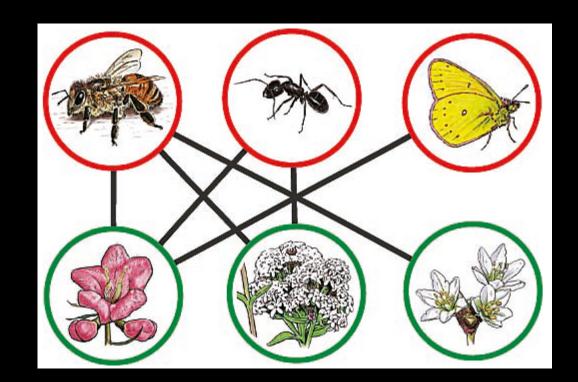
Evolution of networks

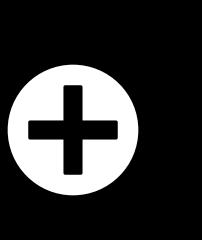
What is the role of coevolution in driving changes in the structure

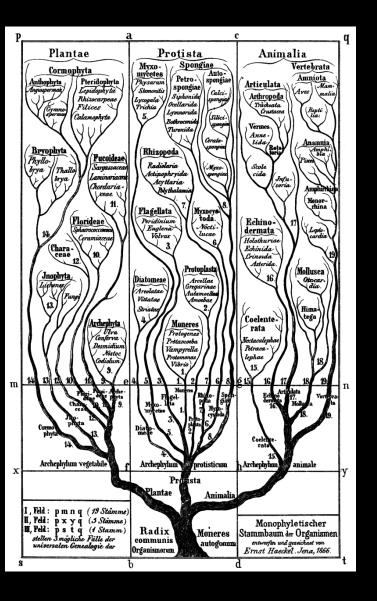


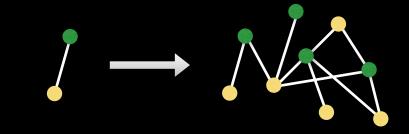


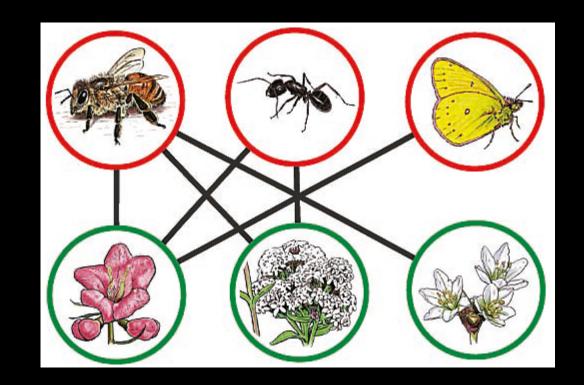
To what extent is network architecture associated with species phylogenetic relationship?







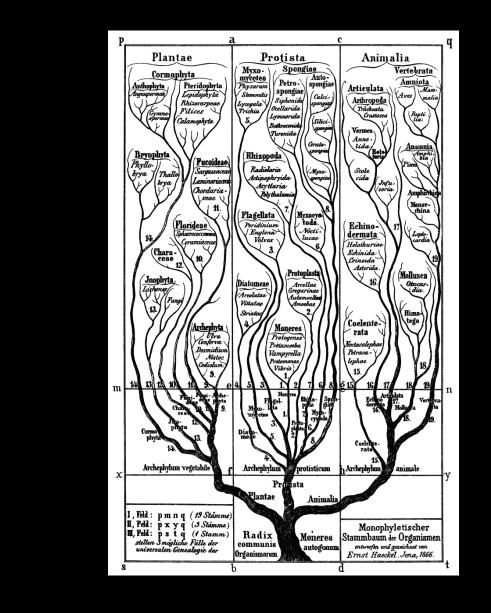


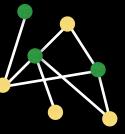


If patterns of interactions between species can be partly explained by phylogenetic relatedness, then this would suggest that network patterns are partially dependent on past evolutionary history.

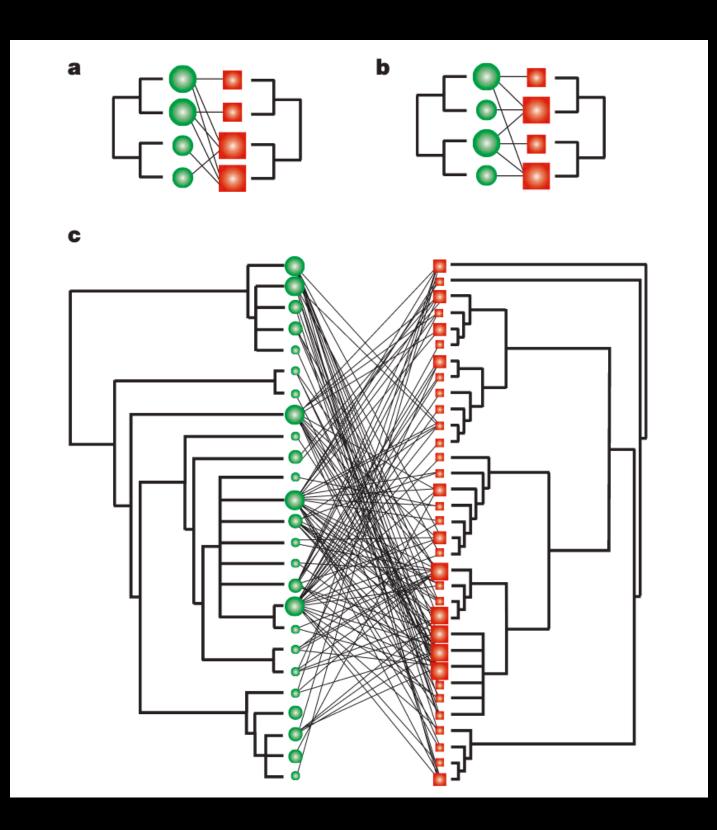
Rezende, Lavabre, Guimaraes, Jordano and Bascompte (2007). Nature, 448: 925-928

To what extent is network architecture associated with species phylogenetic relationship?

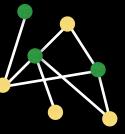




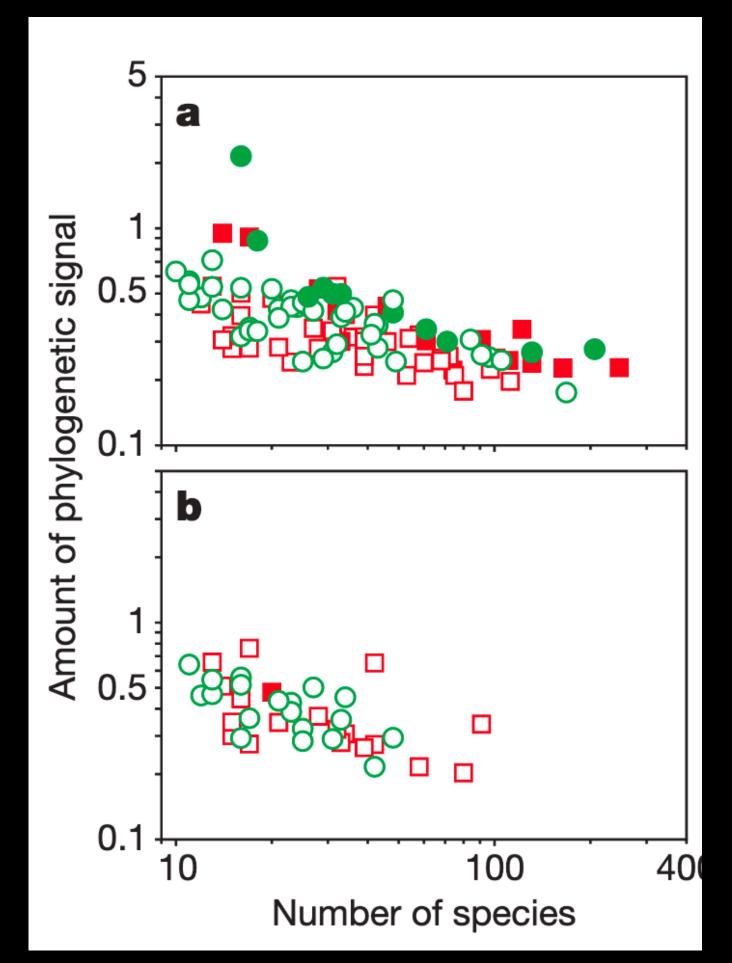
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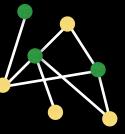


To what extent is network architecture associated with species phylogenetic relationship?



"Our results warrant the inclusion of evolutionary history into mechanistic models of network formation and maintenance"

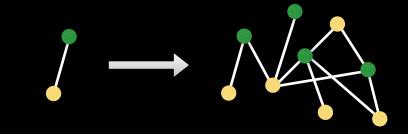
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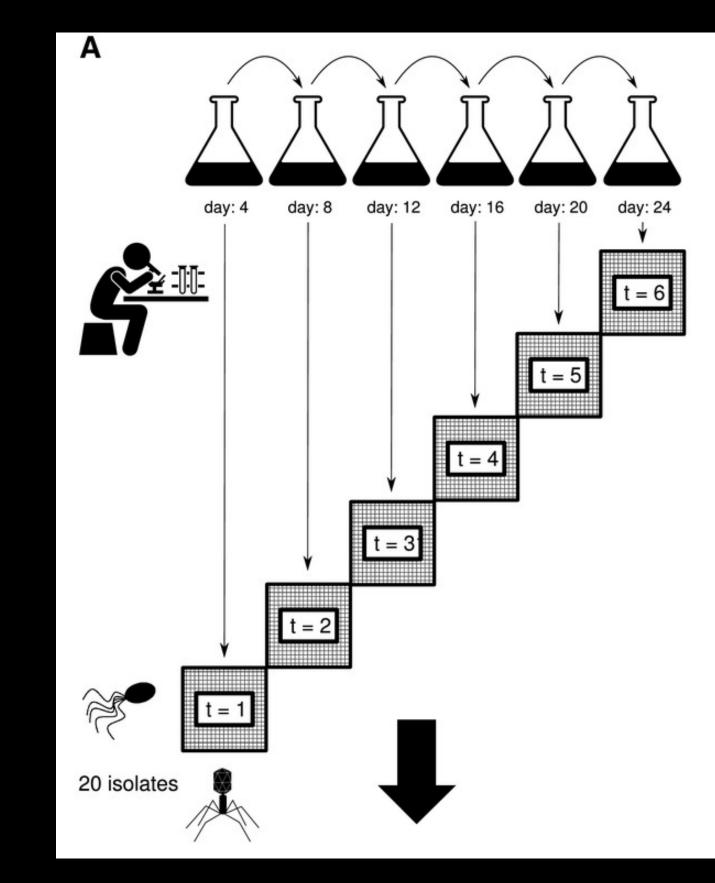
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What is the role of coevolution in driving changes in the structure of species interaction networks?

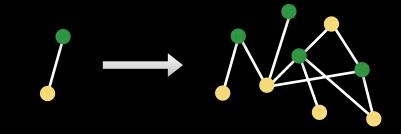
Evolution of networks



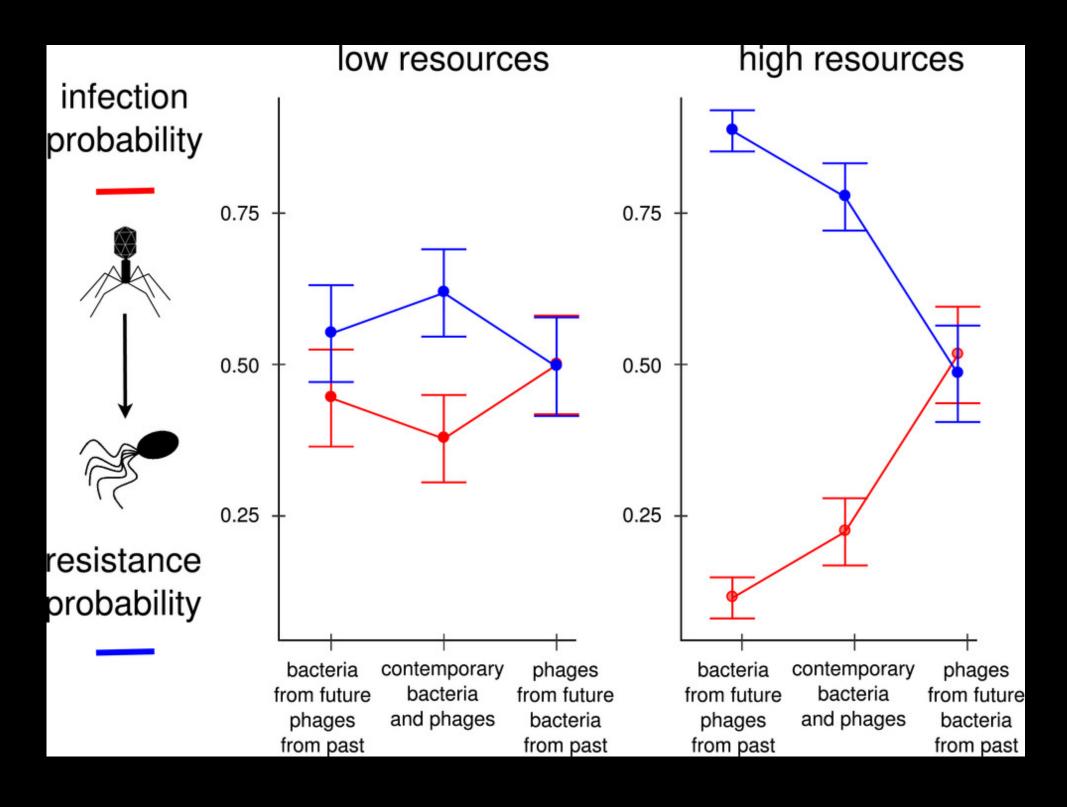
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Fortuna, Barbour, Zaman, Hall, Buckling and Bascompte (2019). Evolution, 73: 1001-1011



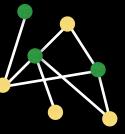
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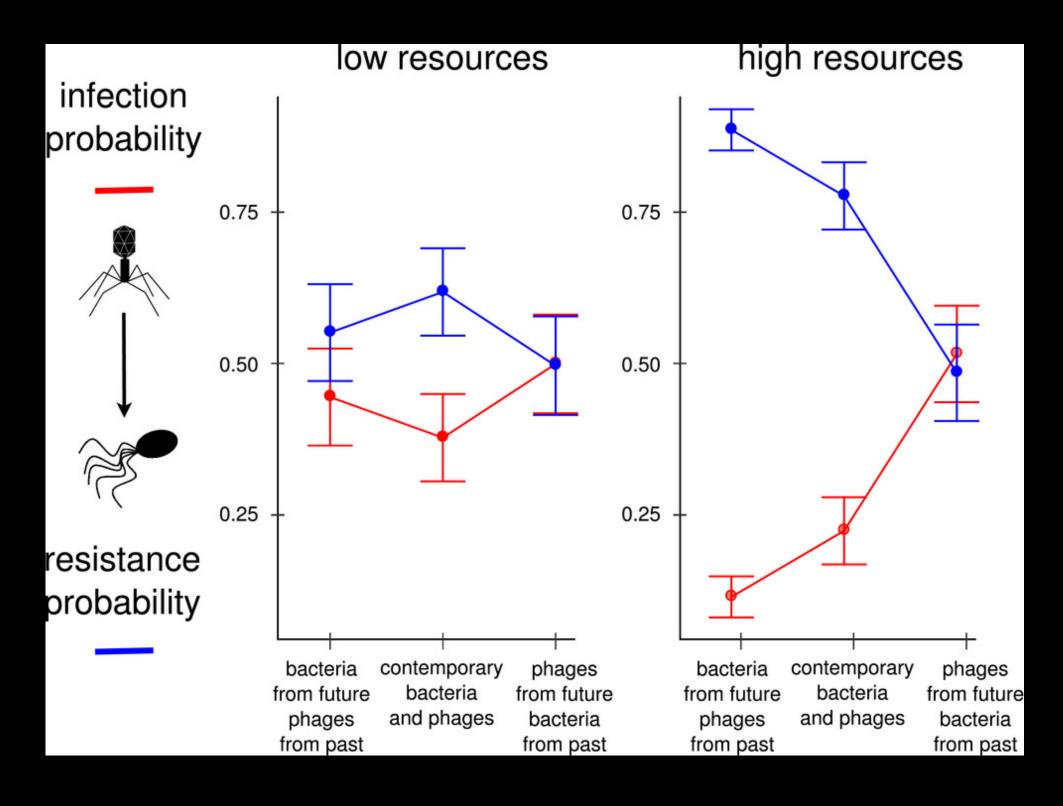
Fortuna, Barbour, Zaman, Hall, Buckling and Bascompte (2019). Evolution, 73: 1001-1011

Evolution of networks

Under low resources, bacteria were more resistant to their contemporary than past and future phages, which is consistent with fluctuating dynamics



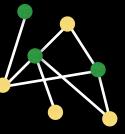
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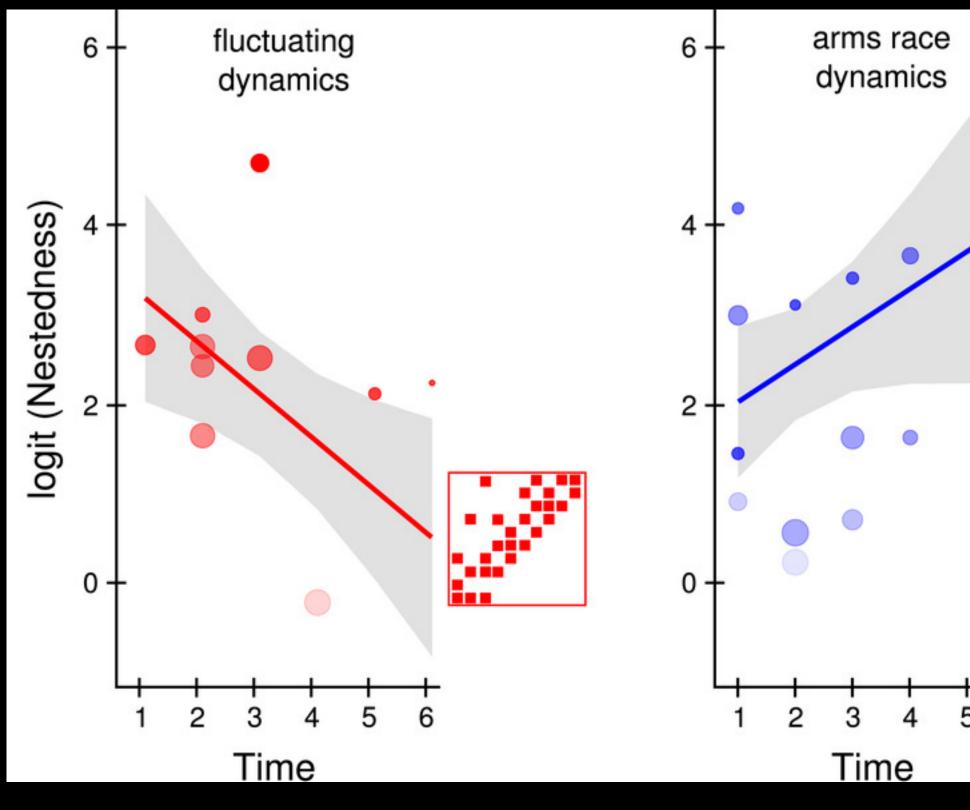
Fortuna, Barbour, Zaman, Hall, Buckling and Bascompte (2019). Evolution, 73: 1001-1011

Evolution of networks

At high resources bacteria were more resistant to past phages and became less resistant to contemporary and future phages, which is a distinctive feature of arms race dynamics



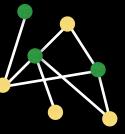
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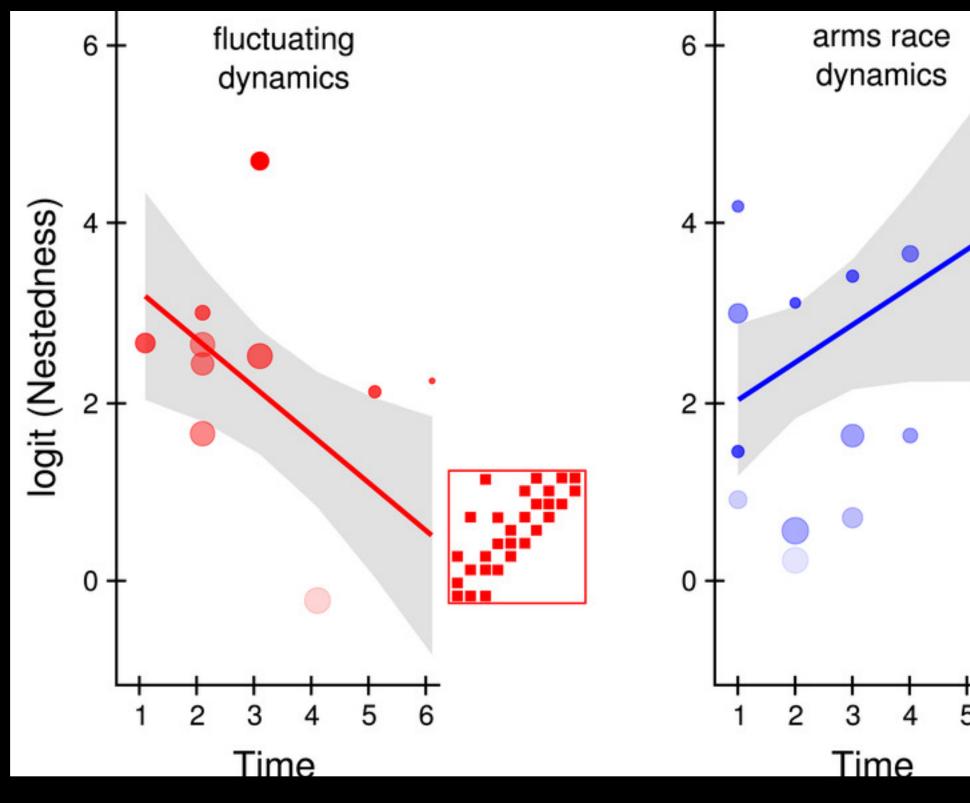


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Interactions between coevolving bacteria and phages become less nested over time under fluctuating dynamics, and more nested under arms race dynamics.

5 6

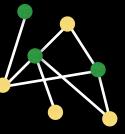




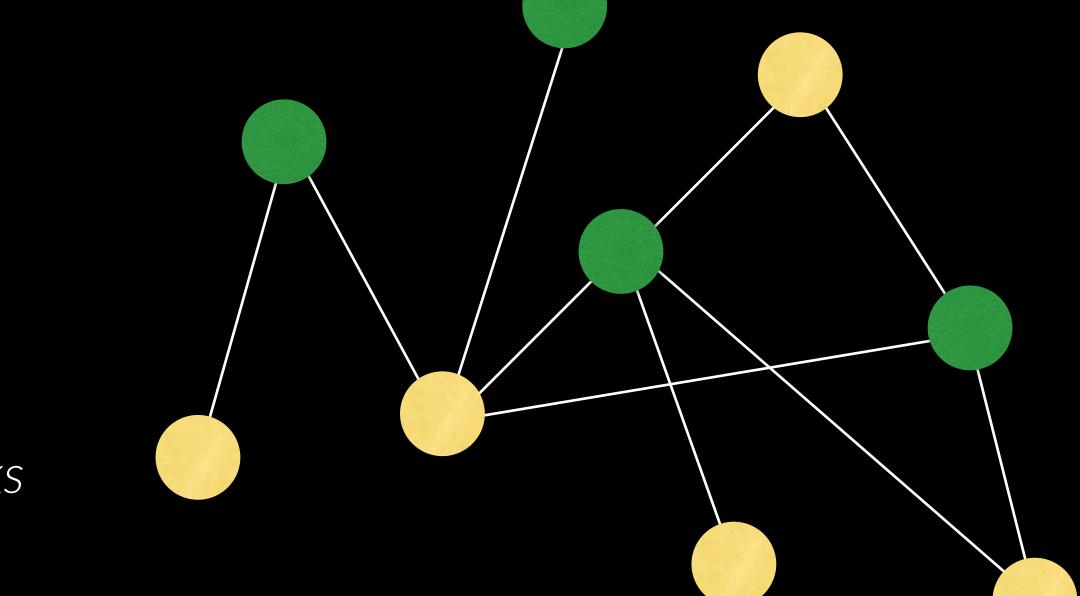
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What is the role of coevolution in driving changes in the structure of species interaction networks?

The interaction pattern between bacteria and phages at the community level depends on the way coevolution unfolds.

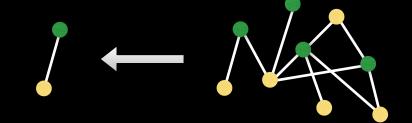






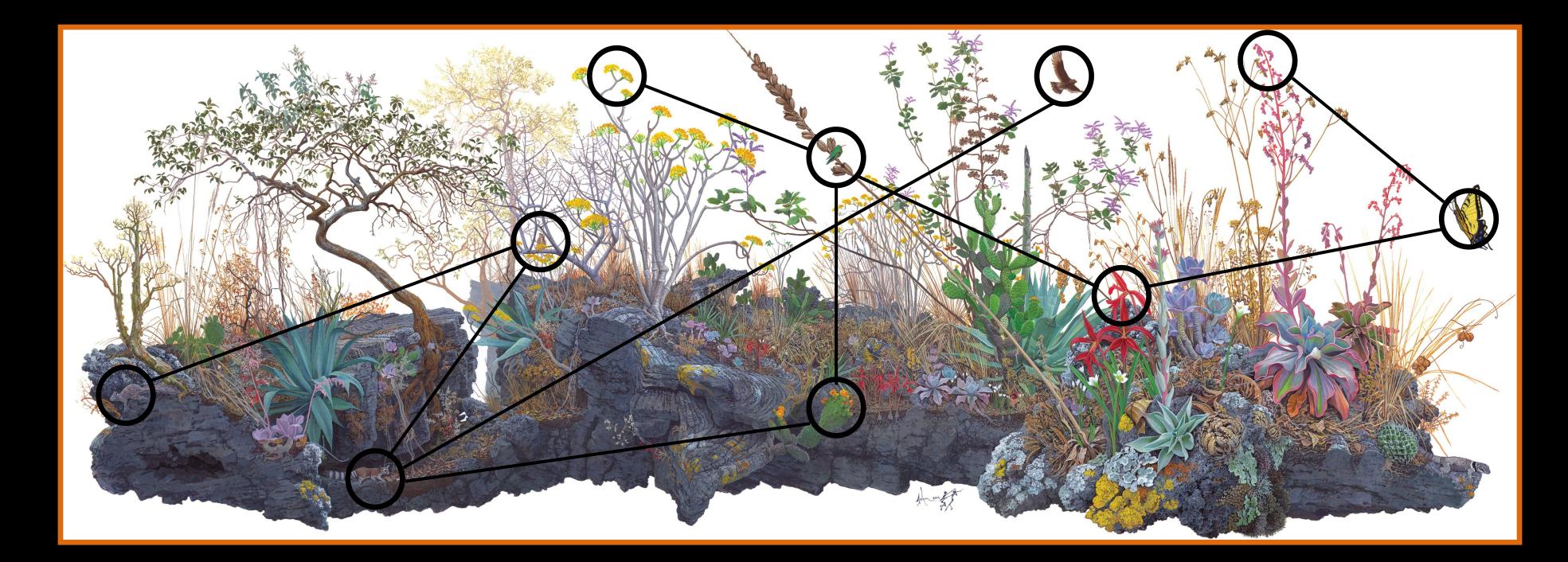
What are the evolutionary implications of network structure?

Evolution on networks

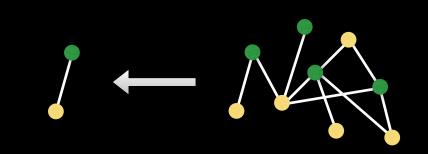




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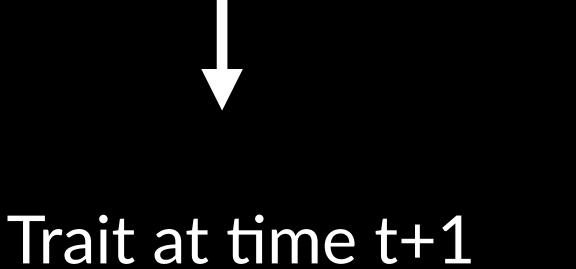


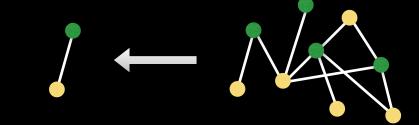
Evolution on networks



Evolution on networks: a framework to study coevolution in mutualistic networks

Trait at time t







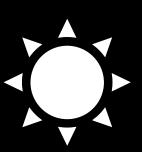
Evolution on networks: a framework to study coevolution in mutualistic networks

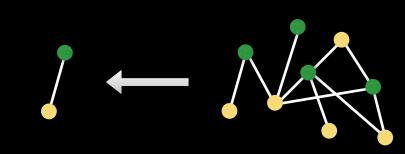
Trait at time t

Selection due to interactions



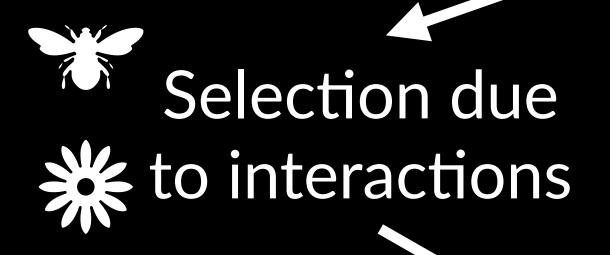
Selection due to environment





Evolution on networks: a framework to study coevolution in mutualistic networks

Trait at time t



to environmen

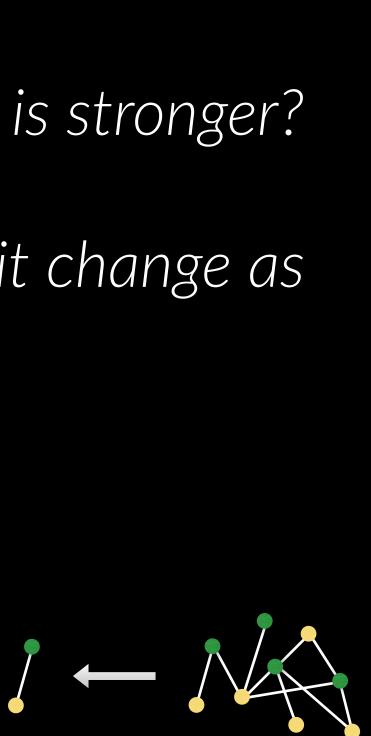
Trait at time t+1

What does each force select for?



Which selective force is stronger?

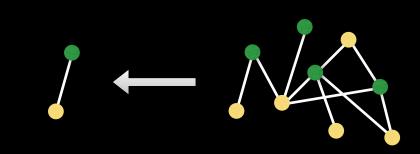
How quickly will a trait change as a result of section?



Evolution on networks: a framework to study coevolution in mutualistic networks

 $Z_{i}^{(t+1)} = Z_{i}^{(t)} + \varphi_{i} \left[\sum_{j, j \neq i}^{N} q_{ij}^{(t)} \left(Z_{j}^{(t)} - Z_{i}^{(t)} \right) + \left(1 - \sum_{j, j \neq i}^{N} q_{ij}^{(t)} \right) \left(\theta_{i} - Z_{i}^{(t)} \right) \right]$

Guimaraes, Pires, Jordano, Bascompte, and Thompson (2017). Nature, 550: 511-514



Evolution on networks: a framework to study coevolution in mutualistic networks

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Interactions

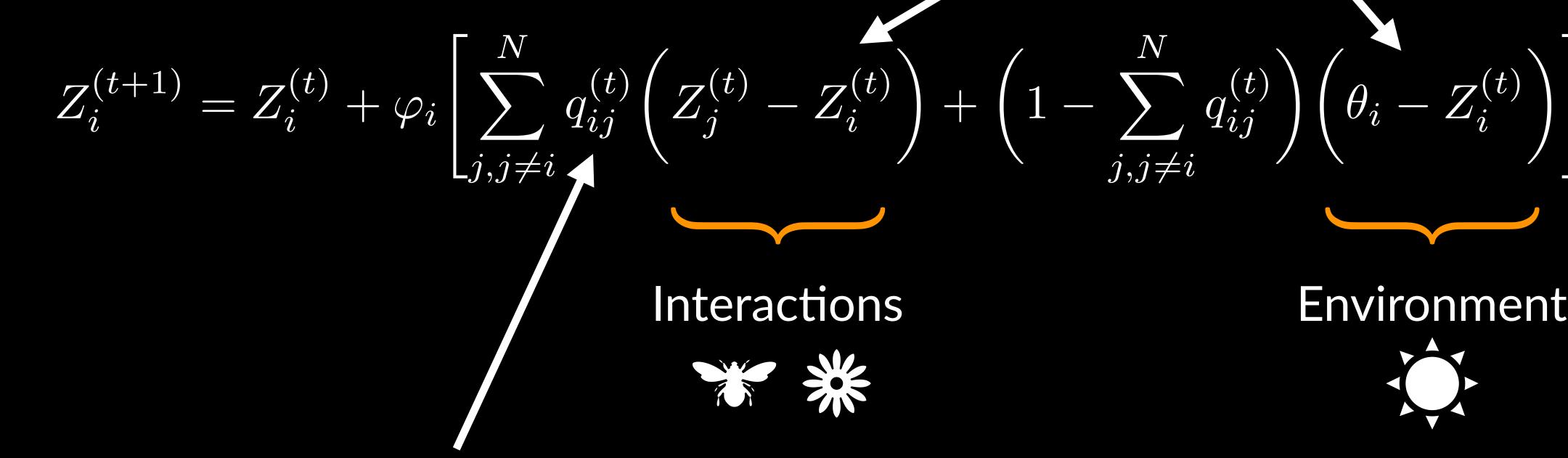


Guimaraes, Pires, Jordano, Bascompte, and Thompson (2017). Nature, 550: 511-514

What does each force select for?



Environment



Which selective force is stronger?

Guimaraes, Pires, Jordano, Bascompte, and Thompson (2017). Nature, 550: 511-514

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Environment

How quickly will a trait change as a result of selection?

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Interactions

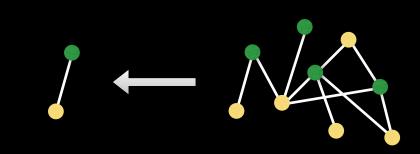


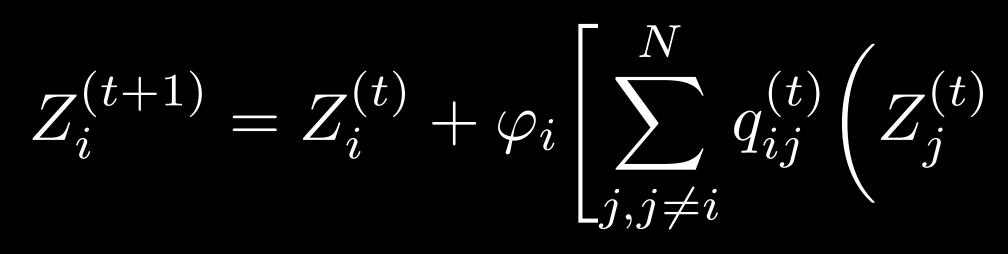
Environment

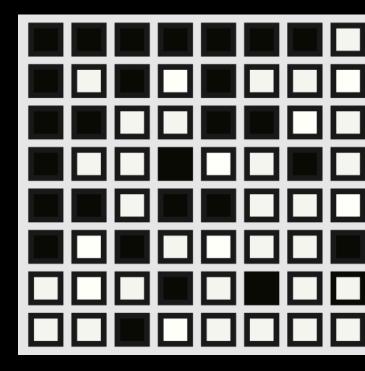
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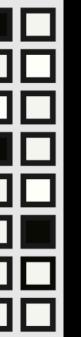
Where is the network?







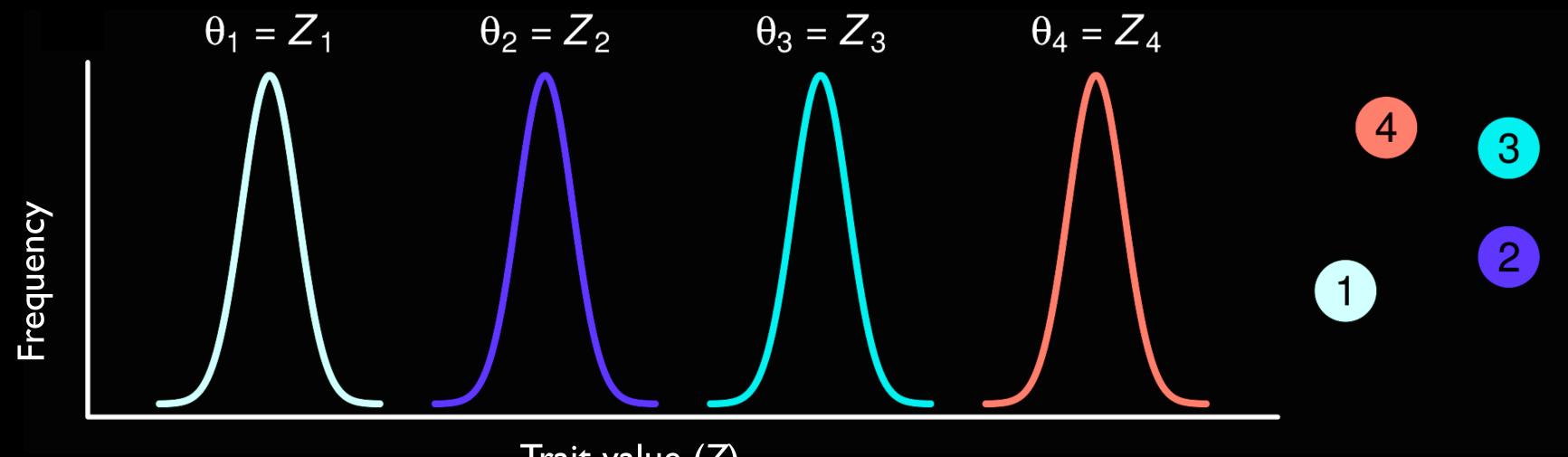
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Coevolution within networks

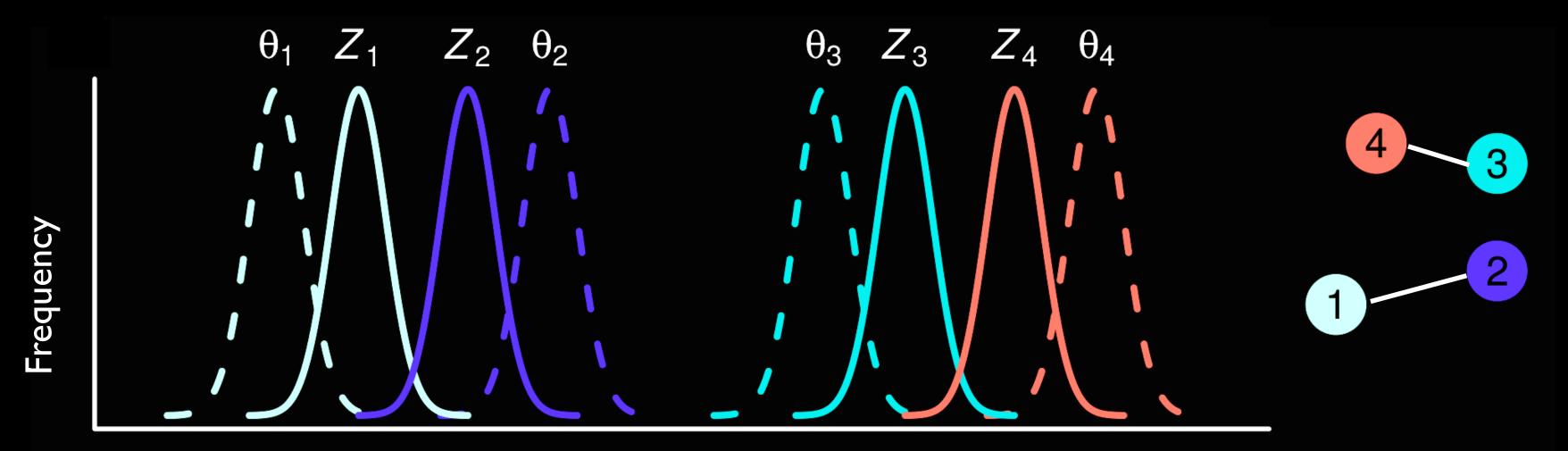
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Trait value (Z)

Coevolution within networks

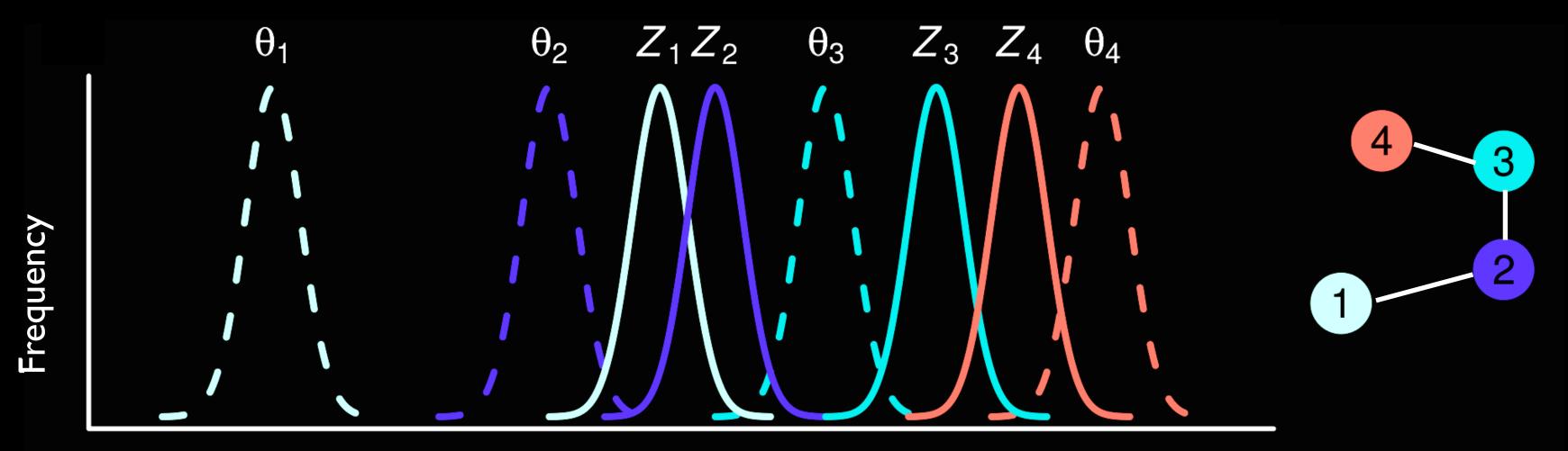
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Trait value (Z)

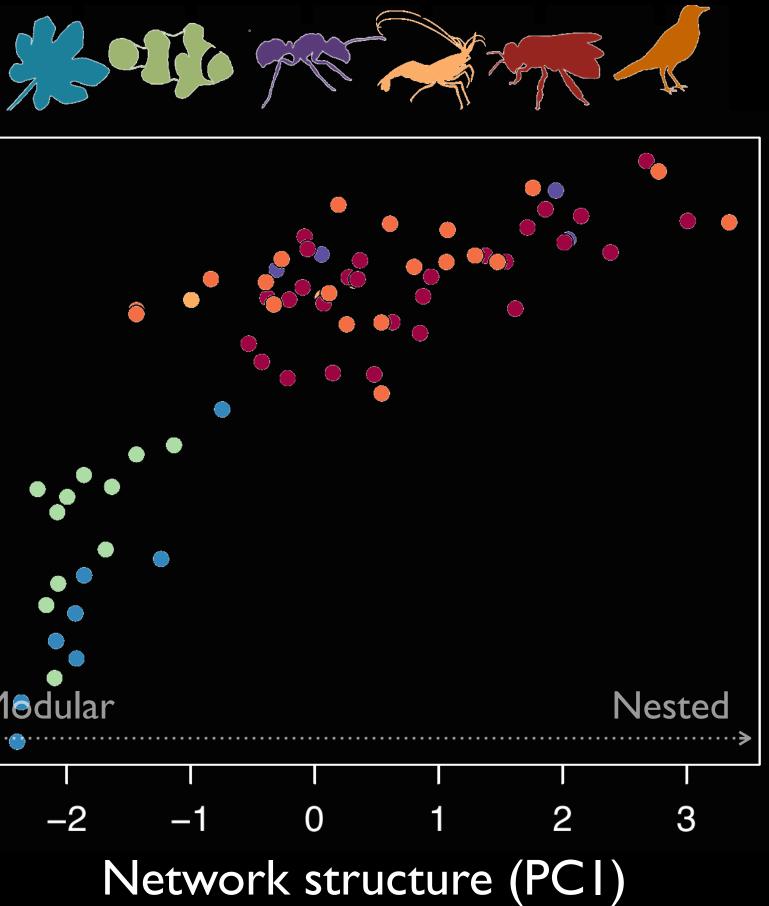
Coevolution within networks

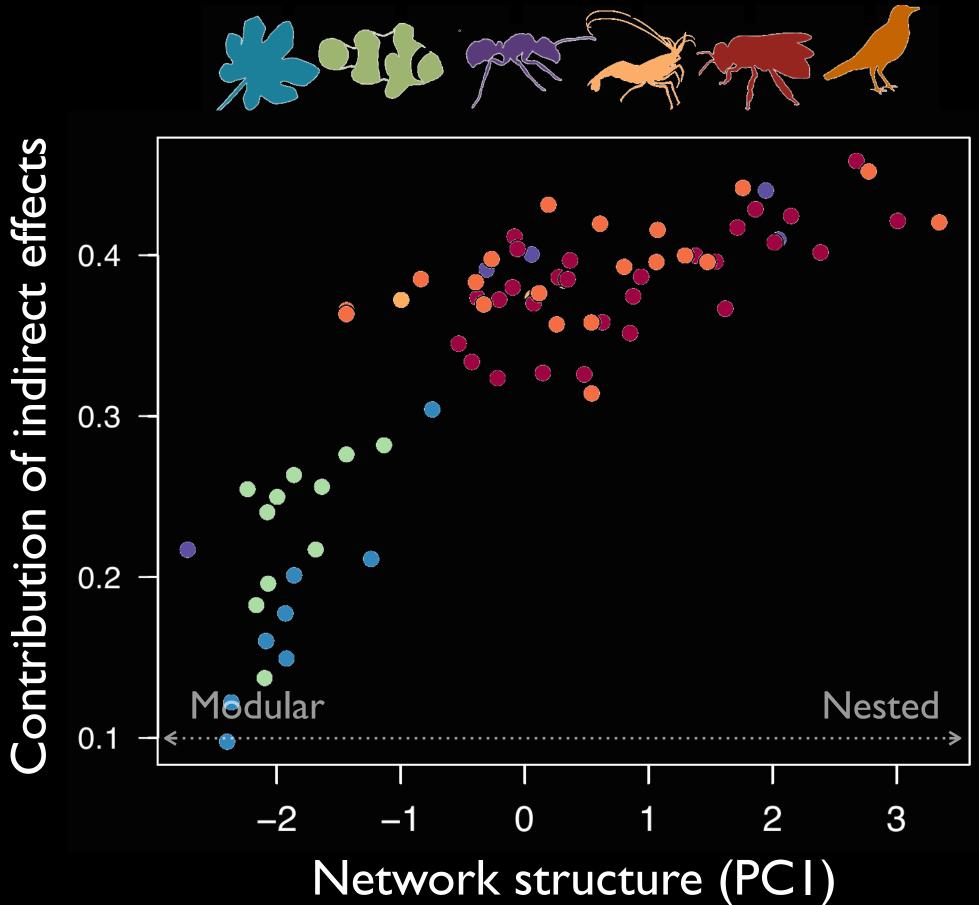
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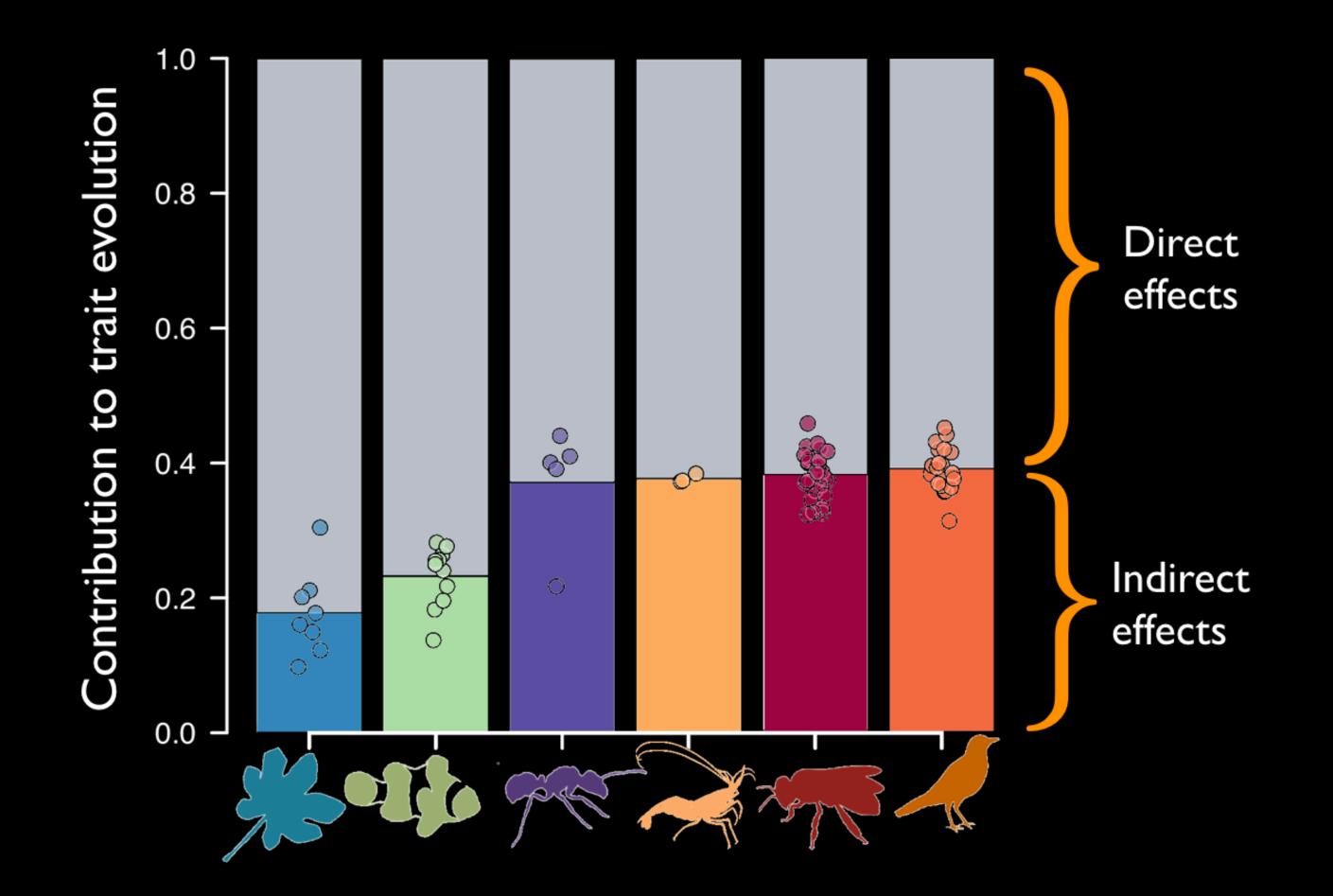
Trait value (Z)

Indirect effects drive coevolution

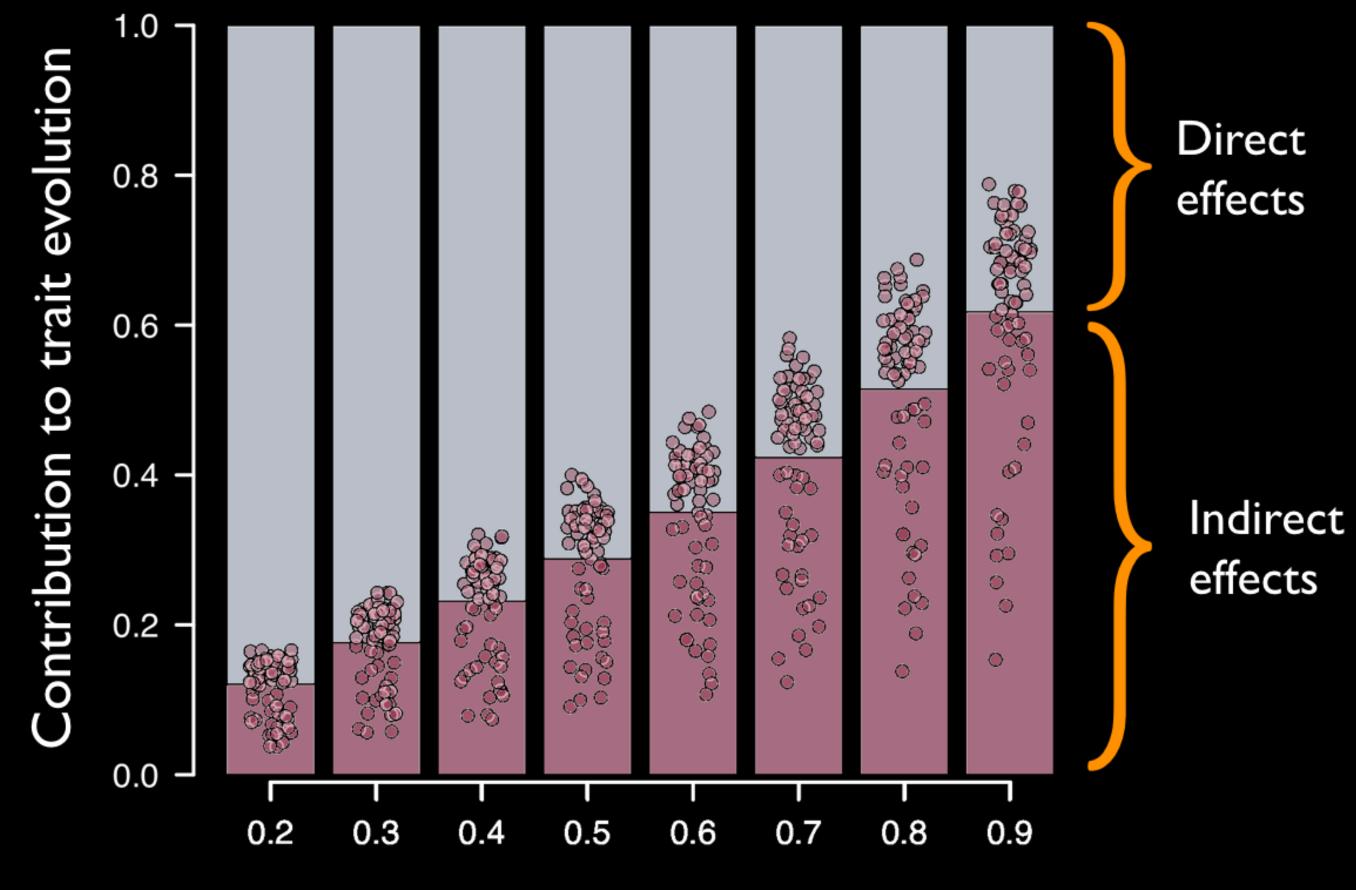




Indirect effects drive coevolution



Indirect effects and mutualistic selection



Guimaraes, Pires, Jordano, Bascompte, and Thompson (2017). Nature, 550: 511-514

Mutualistic selection

Indirect effects drive coevolution



The most specialist species are more influenced by indirect effects than by their direct partners

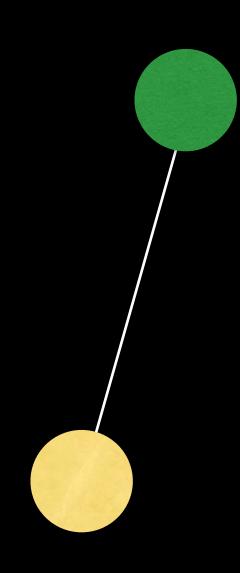
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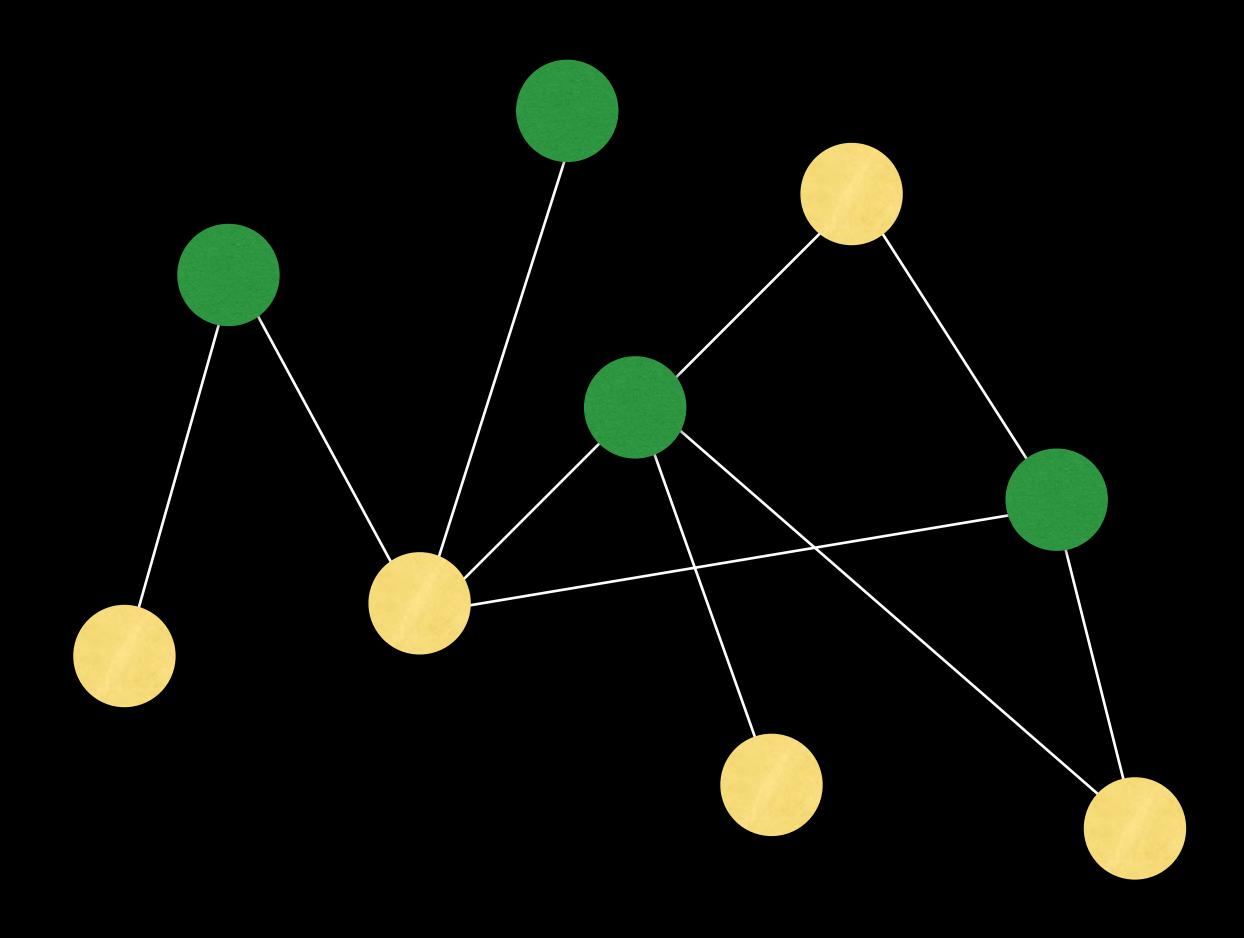
Evolution of networks

Evolution **on** networks

What are the evolutionary implications of network structure?



Evolution and networks



This afternoon...

We will explore the model of mutualistic coevolution using the RStudio Server.